





To: Vasundhara Hospital-Jodhpur

Chopasni Housing Board,

Near Central Acadamy School, Sector-11

Rajasthan

Jodhpur - 3420008 Contact: 9772200192

Report Of: Mrs. JETHI SONI HARISH KUMAR SONI

Pt. Contact: 9785519424

Sample ID 2400223397 Patient ID 1602416711 Received on 06/11/2024 12:57 Registered on 06/11/2024 16:17 Reported on - Scan QR code Referred by DR.RENU MAKWANA Sonography by DR.MUKESH KHATRI

Patient DOB: 01/01/1984

EVICOSCREEN - EVIDENCE BASED COMPREHENSIVE PRENATAL SCREENING REPORT

Patient Name: Mrs. JETHI SONI HARISH KUMAR SONI

EVIC Screen* is an evidence based prenatal screening program curated by Lilac Insights in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines for First Trimester Screening to determine the probability of most common chromosomal aneuploidies in a pregnancy. It utilizes:

- Hormonal values from the pregnancy measured on Fetal Medicine foundation (UK) accredited analyzers and reagents
- Robust indigenous medians from over 7 lac+ pregnancies for different gestation ages
- Risk calculations from evidence based algorithms validated through large international studies

UKNEQAS: United Kingdom National External Quality Assessment Service

RIQAS: Randox International Quality Assessment Scheme



The Risk Assessment Performed Using CE-Marked Antenatal Risk Evaluation Software Certified by the British Standards Institute (BSI)- ISO 13485:2016

RI	SK ASSESSM	IENT			MULTIPLE OF
T21 (Down syndrome)	1: 120	High Risk	LOW	INTERMEDIATE HIGH	MEDIAN (MoM)
T18 (Edwards' syndrome)	1:500	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	Free ß-hCG 0.61
T13 (Patau syndrome)	1: 120	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	

INTERPRETATION

The First Trimester Screening for the given sample is found SCREEN POSITIVE for Down Syndrome.

SUGGESTIONS AND OTHER FINDINGS

- Detailed anomaly scan with integrated testing combining the second trimester biochemistry and Genetic Sonogram to assess for markers and defects for chromosomal abnormalities
- Definitive testing through fetal karyotyping to confirm.

In view of the vanishing twin, the risk assessment was performed based on maternal age, nuchal translucency, NB and serum free ßhCG. Other markers were not included in the risk assessment. The above modality offers a detection rate of 86% at a false-positive rate of 5%. In view of the increased NT, detailed cardiac and structural evaluation between 18-20 weeks is suggested.





Verified by
Mr. Pradip Kadam
Incharge Biochemistry
(FMF ID: 147760)



MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist

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Patient name: Mrs. JETHI SONI HARISH KUMAR SONI

Sample ID: 2400223397

Sample Type: Serum Risk assessment: Algorithm validated by SURUSS 2003, N.J Wald

Method:Electrochemiluminescence										
PREGNANCY DETAILS										
No. of fetuses	:1	EDD	: 02/05/2025	Age at Term	n :40.4	Years				
GA is Based on	GA is Based on : Ass. rep.		:	LMP Certainty : Regular		lar				
Smoking: None Parity:		Height	:	Weight : 50.90 Kg		0 Kg				
Ethinicity: Asian FHR :										
Previous pregnancy history		Pre-eclampsia history		Other findings						
Down syndrome Edwards' syndrome		PE in previous pregnancy		Insulin dependent diabetes						
Patau syndrome NTD syndrome		Pat. mothe	r had PE	Chronic hypertension						
Assisted Reproduction : IVF Transfer Date : 13/08/2024 Extraction Date : 29/09/2023										
EDD: Estimated Due Date GA: Gestation Age LMP: Last Menstrual Period FHR: Fetal Heart Rate NTD: Neural Tube Defect PE: Pre-eclampsia DOB: Date										
of Birth										
SPECIMEN DETAILS										
Sample ID	:2400223397	57.1 mm	Test Name	Conc.	Unit	Corr. Mom				
Collection Date	:22/10/2024 CRL2 :		Free-ß-hCG	24.35	ng/mL	0.61				
Scan Date	:22/10/2024 BPD :		NB	Present	118/1112	0.01				
GA at Coll Date	: 12 Weeks 4 Days BPD2 :		NT	2.2	mm	1.71				
GA at Scan Date	: 12 Weeks 4 Days HC :									
Received on	:06/11/2024 HC2 :									
GA: Gestation Age CRL: Crown Rump Length BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter HC: Head Circumference free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin										
GA: Gestation Age (ead Circumference free-is rancy-associated Plasma Pi		Human Cnor	ionic Gonadotropin				
		RISKS	,							
Disorder: Down Syndrome			Resu	Result:		High Risk				
Final risk: 1:12	9	1:85								
Cutoff 1:25	O Risk type	Risk At Term								
Disorder: Edwards	s' Syndrome	Resu	Result: Low Risk		(
Final risk: 1:500 Age risk:		1:740								
Cutoff 1:10	0 Risk type	Risk At Term								
Disorder: Patau Sy	ndrome		Resu	ılt:	Low Risk	(
Final rick: 1:12	0 Agarish	1.1400				_				



1:100

Cutoff



Risk At Term

Risk type











Patient name: Mrs. JETHI SONI HARISH KUMAR SONI Sample ID: 2400223397

PRENATAL SCREENING BACKGROUND

Every pregnant woman carries a certain degree of risk that her fetus/baby may have certain chromosomal defect/ abnormalities. Diagnosis of these fetal chromosomal abnormalities requires confirmatory testing through analysis of amniocytes or Chorionic Villous Samples (CVS). However, amniocentesis and CVS procedures carry some degree of risk for miscarriage or other pregnancy complications (Tabor and Alfirevic, 2010). Therefore in routine practice, prenatal screening tests are offered to a pregnant woman to provide her a personalised risk for the most common chromosomal abnormalities (T21-Down syndrome, T18- Edwards' syndrome, T13- Patau syndrome) using her peripheral blood sample. Based on this risk assessment, if the risk is high or intermediate, you can take informed decision of opting for invasive procedure such as amniocentesis or CVS followed by confirmatory diagnostic test(s), as per discussion with your clinician.

PRENATAL SCREENING TESTS ARE NOT CONFIRMATORY TESTS. THEY ARE LIKELIHOOD ASSESSMENT TESTS.

You may get your prenatal screening result as either of the following:-

High Risk

High Risk or Screen Positive Result: A High Risk Result does not mean that the pregnancy is affected with the condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is higher than the cut-off (Most commonly used cut-off is 1:250 and this represents the risk of pregnancy loss from confirmatory testing through CVS or amniocentesis).

Low Risk

Low Risk or Screen Negative Result: A Low Risk result does not mean that the pregnancy is not affected with a condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is lower than the cut-off.

Intermediate Risk **Intermediate Risk result:** An intermediate Risk result means that the pregnancy has an equivocal or a borderline risk of being affected with a condition. In this case, you may want to choose a second stage screening modality like an Integrated Screening Test that is done between 16 to 20 weeks of pregnancy or a Non-invasive Prenatal Screening Test between 12 to 20 weeks of pregnancy before taking a decision on an invasive confirmatory testing. This will help you improve the sensitivity of the screening test keeping an invasive test a last option were you to come as a high risk in the second stage screening test.

SIGNIFICANCE OF MULTIPLE OF MEDIANS (MoMs)

Prenatal Screening determines the likelihood of the pregnancy being affected with certain conditions by analysing levels of certain hormones. These hormones are Feto placental products (released by Fetus or placenta). Their levels not only indicate propensity of the fetus being affected with certain chromosomal conditions, they also provide indication of placental insufficiency that can potentially lead to pregnancy complications like Pre-Eclampsia or Intra-Uterine Growth Restriction. It is therefore important to take cognisance of the Reported MoMs alongside the Risk results.

For more information, visit our website at: www.lilacinsights.com/faq-pns

DISCLAIMERS

Limitations of the Test:

As prenatal screening tests are not confirmatory diagnostic tests, the possibility of false positive or false negative results can not be denied. The results issued for this test does not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or sub-chromosomal abnormalities, birth defects and other complications.

Nuchal Translucency is the most prominent marker in screening for Trisomy 13, 18, 21 in the first trimester and should be measured in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines. Nuchal Translucency or Crown Rump Length measurement, if not performed as per FMF (UK) imaging guidelines may lead to erroneous risk assessments and Lilac Insights bears no responsibility for errors arising due to sonography measurements not performed as per these criteria defined by international bodies such as FMF (UK), ISUOG.

It is assumed that the details provided along with the sample are correct. The manner in which this information is used to guide patient care is the responsibility of the healthcare provider, including advising for the need for genetic counselling or additional diagnostic testing like amniocentesis or Chorionic Villus Sampling. Any diagnostic test should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings. As with any medical test, there is always a chance of failure or error in sample analysis though extensive measures are taken to avoid these errors.

Note:

- Quality of the Down syndrome screening program (Biochemical values, MoMs and Risk assessments) is monitored by UKNEQAS on an ongoing basis.
- This interpretation assumes that patient and specimen details are accurate and correct.
- Lilac Insights does not bear responsibility for ultrasound measurements like CRL,NT,NB etc. We strongly recommend that ultrasound measurements are
 performed as per FMF (UK)/ISUOG practice guidelines.
- It must be clearly understood that the results represent risk and not diagnostic outcomes. Increased risk does not mean that the baby is affected and further tests must be performed before a firm diagnosis can be made. A Low Risk result does not exclude the possibility of Down's syndrome or other abnormalities, as the risk assessment does not detect all affected pregnancies.
- Each sample received at Lilac Insights' processing centre is handled with the utmost sensitivity and care. All samples received on Sundays and National holidays are stored as per specific guidelines for the respective specimens and processed on the next day.

END OF REPORT





