

To: **Radhe Maternity And Surgical Hospital-
Gandhinagar**

Shyam Squire, Randheja Chowkdi,
Mansa, Gandhinagar Hwy,
Gujarat

Gandhi nagar - 382620

Contact:

Report Of: Mrs. THAKOR KOMAL RANJIT

Pt. Contact:



Sample ID 2300130814

Patient ID 1002357875

Collected on 21/07/2023

Received on 22/07/2023 15:03

Registered on 22/07/2023 15:02

Reported on 23/07/2023 14:33

Referred by **DR. RAJESH PATEL**

Hemoglobinopathy Screening

Patient Name: Mrs. THAKOR KOMAL RANJIT

Sample Type: Whole Blood EDTA

Date of Birth/Age: 14/09/1995

Gender: FEMALE

City: GANDHINAGAR

Method: High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

Blood Transfusion History: No

Referral Reason or Clinical History: _____

About the test

Hemoglobinopathy screening by high performance liquid chromatography is a blood test that is used for detecting quantitative and qualitative abnormalities of hemoglobin (Hb), namely, Thalassemia and Structural Hb variants (e.g. HbS) respectively. The test helps identify individuals with these disorders so that they can receive timely and appropriate treatment and care. Antenatal diagnosis of these disorders allows measures to reduce the chances of the birth of an affected baby. It is also possible to screen the newborns for hemoglobinopathies using this approach, thereby decreasing the mortality & morbidity associated with conditions like Sickle cell disorder.

Test findings

Hb Fraction	Observed Value (%)	Expected Value (%)
HbF	0.7%	<2%
P2*	4.1%	<4.6%
HbA0	87.4%	85 - 95%
HbA2/HbE	2.1*%	1.8 - 3.5%
HbD	Absent	Absent
HbS	Absent	Absent

*The mentioned P2 value from BioRad Variant-II HPLC system is equivalent of HbA1c value in BioRad D10 system

Interpretation

Chromatogram shows normal hemoglobin pattern.

Hemoglobin, PCV and RBC count are reduce. Red cell indices are microcytic with high RDW suggesting iron deficiency.

Suggestions

Serum iron studies.

Verified by
Mr. Pradip Kadam
Incharge Biochemistry

Dr. A. Dasgupta MD, PhD,
Consultant Hematopathologist

HPLC Findings

*Values outside of expected ranges

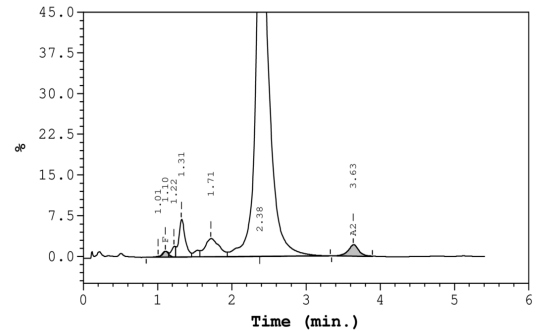
Patient Data

Sample ID: 2300130814
Patient ID: F
Name: Unknown
Physician: P2
Sex: Ao
DOB: A2
Comments:

Analysis Data

Analysis Performed: 07/22/2023 13:56:23
Injection Number: 4106
Run Number: 329
Rack ID: 0001
Tube Number: 4
Report Generated: 07/22/2023 16:47:36
Operator ID:

Analysis comments:



Peak Name	Calibrated Area %	Area %	Retention Time (min)	Peak Area
Unknown	---	0.1	1.01	1341
F	0.7	---	1.10	11353
Unknown	---	0.9	1.22	14818
P2	---	4.1	1.31	69656
P3	---	4.6	1.71	77824
Ao	---	87.4	2.38	1475152
A2	2.1*	---	3.63	36940

Total Area: 1,687,084

F Concentration = 0.7 %
A2 Concentration = 2.1* %

Important Blood Indices (from CBC Analysis)

Parameters	Result	Reference Range	Units
Hemoglobin (Hb)	9.55 ⚠	12 - 15	g/dL
RBC Count	3.56 ⚠	3.8 - 4.8	x 10 ⁶ /μL
Hematocrit	27.40 ⚠	36 - 46	%
Mean Corpuscular Volume (MCV)	77.00 ⚠	83 - 101	fL
Mean Corpuscular Hb (MCH)	26.80 ⚠	27 - 32	pg
Mean Corpuscular Hb Conc. (MCHC)	34.90 ⚠	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RBC Distribution Width (RDW) (CV)	18.40 ⚠	11.6 - 14	%
RBC Distribution Width (RDW) (SD)	46.60 ⚠	39 - 46	fL

Notes:

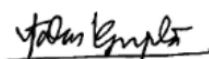
- Recent blood transfusions and iron deficiency can interfere with the results, repeat testing is recommended three months after the last blood transfusion. In case of iron deficiency, it is recommended to evaluate the result post-correction of iron deficiency.
- Megaloblastic anemia can cause elevated HbA2 levels. A repeat assay is recommended after correction of VitB12 deficiency.
- Mild to moderately elevated fetal hemoglobin (HbF) values are observed during pregnancy, hypoxia, chronic kidney disease, use of certain drugs, myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS), aplastic anemia and conditions of stress hemopoiesis.
- Cases with borderline HbA2 levels (3.1-3.9%) could represent Silent Beta-thalassemia trait, or co-existent iron deficiency or Alpha-thalassemia in a case of Beta-thalassemia trait. They need to be investigated further by appropriate tests.
- Confirmatory molecular tests for Beta-thalassemia traits and abnormal hemoglobin disorders (e.g. HbS, HbE, and HbD), followed by subsequent prenatal diagnosis (If required) are available at our centre.
- The mentioned P2 value from BioRad Variant-II HPLC system is equivalent of HbA1c value in BioRad D10 system

Disclaimers:

- The Hb-HPLC is a screening test that detects Beta-thalassemia and other hemoglobin variants. It does not identify Alpha-thalassemia and Silent Beta-thal-assemia carriers. DNA analysis is recommended to rule out Alpha-thalassemia and Silent Beta-thalassemia carriers.
- The result must be interpreted in conjunction with the complete blood counts (CBC), VitB12 and iron profile of the individual.
- Each sample received at Lilac Insights' processing centre is handled with the utmost sensitivity and care. All samples received on Sundays and National holidays are stored as per specific guidelines for the respective specimens and processed on the next day.
- P2 peak in Bio Rad's Variant II HPLC platform represents glycated hemoglobin. It is elevated in uncontrolled diabetes.



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Incharge Biochemistry



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