



InsighT-Adv (NIPS) Report for Fetal Chromosomal Aneuploidies in Singleton Pregnancies

| Patient Information | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Name: Mrs. NIMISHA BATRA | Patient ID: 1602411920 |
| Date of Birth: 09/03/1988 | Sample ID: 2400178341 |
| Gestation age by Ultrasound: 12 Weeks + 1 days | Sample collected on: 26/08/2024 |
| Referring Doctor: Dr. VIJAYA GUPTA | Sample received on: 28/08/2024 |
| Sample Type: Blood | Report released on: 04/09/2024 |
| Referral Reason: Advanced maternal age. | |

Methodology

The InsighT-Adv test is a Non-invasive Prenatal Screening test. It works by isolating the cfDNA (including both maternal and fetal DNA) from a maternal peripheral blood sample and performing an extensive analysis using Next-Generation Sequencing technology. This robust data is further analyzed using a proprietary bioinformatics algorithms (software). A final risk assessment is produced for the conditions tested only, as recommended by the latest scientific guidelines for NIPS testing i.e. American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics (ACMG) Guidelines. The InsighT-Adv test provides risk assessment for common aneuploidies (T21, T18, and T13), Sex chromosome aneuploidies, and 84 Microdeletion/duplication syndromes. The validation studies have been carried out for all the conditions reported by InsighT-Adv NIPS test. With >25 Million Reads/Sample the test is able to deliver an unmatched accuracy to ensure informed decision by clinician and couple. Results of the test should always be reviewed and communicated by a qualified healthcare professional only along with appropriate Genetic Counseling.

Test Results

| COMMON ANEUPLOIDIES | RISK ASSESSMENT |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Trisomy 21 | Low Risk |
| Trisomy 18 | Low Risk |
| Trisomy 13 | Low Risk |

It is advised that high risk results should be followed by confirmatory diagnostic testing.

| SEX CHROMOSOME ANEUPLOIDIES | RISK ASSESSMENT |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| ХО | Low Risk |
| XXY | Low Risk |
| ХҮҮ | Low Risk |
| XXX | Low Risk |

Sex of the Fetus cannot be revealed as per PCPNDT Act 2003.

| ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS | RISK ASSESSMENT |
|---|-----------------|
| Microdeletions/Duplications (84 Types) | Low Risk |

Fetal cfDNA Percentage

14.48%

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84 Microdeletions/duplications syndromes screened in InsighT-Adv

| Disorder | Chromosome | Location | Disorder | Chromosome | Location |
|--|------------|---------------|--|------------|---------------------------------------|
| DiGeorge syndrome | 22 | 22q11.21 | СНДМ | 6 | 6q27 |
| Smith-Magenis syndrome | 17 | 17p11.2 | DiGeorge syndrome 2 | 10 | 10p14-p13 |
| Potocki-Lupski syndrome | 17 | 17p11.2 | Langer-Giedion syndrome | 8 | 8q24.11-q24.13 |
| Wolf-Hirschhorn syndrome | 4 | 4p16.3 | Holoprosencephaly 1 | 21 | 21q22.3 |
| Dandy-Walker syndrome | 3 | 3q22-q24 | Frias syndrome | 14 | 14q22.1-q22.3 |
| acobsen syndrome | 5 11 | | Potocki-Shaffer syndrome | 14 | 14q22.1-q22.3 11p11.2 |
| • | | 11q23 | | | |
| Cri du Chat syndrome | 5 | 5p | HCD | 15 | 15q26.1 |
| Cat-Eye syndrome | 22 | 22q11 | Levy-Shanske syndrome | 15 | 15q26-qter |
| Prader-Will/Angelman syndrome | 15 | 15q11.2 | Chromosome 7q deletion | 7 | 7q |
| Chromosome 22q11.2 duplication | 22 | 22q11.2 | Chromosome 1p32-p31 deletion syndrome | 1 | 1p32-p31 |
| | 22 | 22g11.2 | Chromosome 1p31 duplication syndrome | 1 | 1p31.3 |
| Chromosome 1p36 deletion syndrome | 1 | 1p36 | Chromosome 16q22 deletion syndrome | 16 | 16q22 |
| Chromosome 16p11.2-p12.2 | - | 1930 | | 10 | 10422 |
| nicroduplication syndrome | 16 | 16p12.2-p11.2 | Chromosome 16p13.3 deletion syndrome | 16 | 16p13.3 |
| Chromosome 5q12 deletion syndrome | 5 | 5q12 | Chromosome 15q11-q13 duplication syndrome | 15 | 15q11 |
| Chromosome 18g deletion syndrome | 18 | 18q | Chromosome 15q14 deletion syndrome | 15 | 15q14 |
| Chromosome 9p deletion syndrome | 9 | 9p | Chromosome 17q12 duplication syndrome | | 17q12 |
| Chromosome 14q11-q22 deletion | - | ~r | | - ' | -' 4+4 |
| yndrome | 14 | 14q11-q22 | Chromosome 17q12 deletion syndrome | 17 | 17q12 |
| Chromosome 6q11-q14 deletion | 6 | 6q11-q14 | Chromosome 3q29 duplication syndrome | 3 | 3029 |
| syndrome | 0 | 0411-414 | cmomosome sq29 auplication syndrome | 3 | 3q29 |
| Chromosome 8q12.1-q21.2 deletion | 8 | 8q12.2-q21.2 | Chromosome 3q29 deletion syndrome | 3 | 3q29 |
| ly nor office | | | Chromosome 8q22.1 duplication | | |
| Chromosome Xq21 deletion syndrome | x | Xq21 | syndrome | 8 | 8q22.1 |
| Chromosome 1q41-q42 deletion Syndrome | 1 | 1q41-q42 | Chromosome 8q22.1 deletion syndrome | 8 | 8q22.1 |
| Chromosome 6q24-q25 deletion | 6 | 6q24-q25 | Chromosome 7q11.23 deletion syndrome | 7 | 7q11.23 |
| syndrome | | | | | |
| Chromosome 18p deletion syndrome | 18 | 18p | Chromosome 7q11.23 duplication syndrome | 7 | 7q11.23 |
| Chromosome 10q26 deletion syndrome | 10 | 10q26 | Chromosome Xq22.3 telomeric deletion syndrome | х | Xq22.3 |
| Chromosome 3pter-p25 deletion | | | Chromosome 17g21.31 duplication | | |
| Syndrome | 3 | 3pter-p25 | syndrome | 17 | 17q21.31 |
| Chromosome 2p12-p11.2 deletion | | | | | |
| syndrome | 2 | 2p12-p11.2 | Chromosome Xp11.3 deletion syndrome | х | Xp11.3 |
| Chromosome 5q14.3 deletion syndrome | 5 | 5q14.3-q15 | Chromosome 3q13.31 deletion syndrome | 3 | 3q13.31 |
| | | | | | |
| Chromosome 13q14 deletion syndrome | 13 | 13q14 | Chromosome 8p23.1 deletion syndrome | 8 | 8p23.1 |
| Chromosome 10q22.3-q23.2 deletion | 10 | 10q23 | Chromosome 8p23.1 duplication | 8 | 8p23.1 |
| syndrome | - | | syndrome | | |
| Chromosome 15q26-qter deletion | 15 | 15q26-qter | Chromosome 17q23.1-q23.2 deletion | 17 | 17q23.1-q23.2 |
| syndrome | 15 | 13920 9101 | syndrome | 17 | 1, 423.1 423.2 |
| Chromosome 6pter-p24 deletion | 6 | 6pter-p24 | Chromosome Xq28 deletion syndrome | x | Xq28 |
| syndrome | 0 | opter-p24 | chiomosome xq28 deletion syndrome | ^ | A420 |
| Chromosome 16p12.2-p11.2 deletion | 16 | 46 422 442 | Chromosome 17p13.3 duplication | 47 | 17 12 2 |
| syndrome | 16 | 16p12.2-p11.2 | syndrome | 17 | 17p13.3 |
| Chromosome Xq27.3-q28 duplication | v | V=27.2 = 20 | | 17 | 17-12.2 |
| syndrome | х | Xq27.3-q28 | Chromosome 17p13.3 deletion syndrome | 1/ | 17p13.3 |
| • | | | Chromosome 19q13.11 deletion | | |
| Chromosome 15q25 deletion syndorme | 15 | 15q25 | syndrome | 19 | 19q13.11 |
| plit-hand/foot malformation 5 | 2 | 2q31 | WAGR syndrome | 11 | 11p13 |
| VAGRO syndrome | 11 | 11p13-p12 | Holoprosencephaly 6 | 2 | 2q37.1-q37.3 |
| vadito synuronie | ** | 11h12-h17 | | ~ | 2431.1-431.3 |
| Chromosome 4q21 deletion syndrome | 4 | 4q21 | Chromosome 12q14 microdeletion syndrome | 12 | 12q14 |
| /uan-Harel-Lupski syndrome | 17 | 17p12-p11.2 | Chromosome Xp11.23-p11.22 duplication syndrome | x | Xp11.23-p11.2 |
| Chromosome 2p16.1-p15 deletion | | 1 | Chromosome 2g31.1 duplication | | |
| | 2 | 2p16.1-p15 | | 2 | 2q31.1 |
| syndrome | | | syndrome | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Chromosome 4q32.1-q32.2 triplication | 4 | 4q32.1-q32.2 | Chromosome 2q33.1 deletion syndrome | 2 | 2q33.1 |
| syndrome | - | | | | 400.0 |
| Chromosome Xp21 deletion syndrome | х | Xp21 | Chromosome 2q35 duplication syndrome | 2 | 2024-026 |
| Chromosome 16p deletion syndrome | 16 | 16pter-p13.3 | chiomosome 2035 dublication syndrome | 2 | 2q34-q36 |









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| Performance validation of the test | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|---------------------------|--|
| Common Aneuplodies | | | | | | |
| Conditions | Sensitivity | Specificity | PPV | NPV | Reference | |
| Trisomy 21 | 99.17% | 99.95% | 92.19% | 99.99% | | |
| Trisomy 18 | 98.24% | 99.95% | 76.61% | 100% | UltrasoundObstet Gynecol. | |
| Trisomy 13 | 100% | 99.96% | 32.84% | 100% | 2015 May;45(5):530-8. | |
| Total | 99.02% | 99.86% | 85.27% | 99.99% | | |

| Sex Chromosome Aneuploidies | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|--|--|
| Conditions | Sensitivity | Specificity | PPV | Reference | |
| хо | 75% | 99.9% | 23.53% | BMC medical genomics vol. | |
| XXX | N/A | N/A | 70% | 5 57 . 1 Dec. 2012 Chinese | |
| XXY | 100% | 100% | 75% | medical journal vol. 133,13 (2020): 1617-1619 | |
| ХҮҮ | 100% | 100% | 80% | (2020). 1017 1015 | |

| Additional Conditions | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Conditions | | Sensitivity | Specificity | Reference | |
| Microdel/Dup (84 types) | >10Mb | 88.89% | 99.32% | | |
| | <10Mb | 72.73% | 99.09% | PLoS One.2016 Jul 14;11(7):e0159233 | |
| Total | | 84.21% | 98.42% | | |

References:

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Disclaimers:

- 1. The InsighT-Adv test is NOT a diagnostic test. It is a screening test, therefore false-positive and false-negative results can occur.
- 2. Sex of the fetus cannot be revealed as per PC-PNDT act 2003.
- 3. Potential sources of an inaccurate test result may include but are not limited to: maternal, fetal and/or placental mosaicism, low fetal fraction, blood transfusion, transplant surgery and stem cell therapy.
- 4. This test assumes that the blood and DNA samples belong to the specified patient as it is claimed; the result is therefore specific to the tested sample.
- 5. This test is not intended to identify pregnancies at risk for open neural tube defects.

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6. Test results should always be interpreted by a qualified healthcare professional in the context of other clinical and/or family information of the patient.

7. The results should be communicated in a setting that includes appropriate genetic counseling.

8. The results of the test do not eliminate the possibility of other abnormalities of the tested chromosomes and/or other genetic disorders or birth defects.

9. This test has been performed at our partner lab.

Pallavi Kadam

Verified By

Juralks

Dr. Madhavi Pusalkar, Ph.D.

General Manager

Genomics

Scientific Officer

Genomics

-End of The Report-----



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