





To:	Cancyte Technologies Pvt Ltd-Bangalore
	1st Cross Road,
	Shankarapuram Basavanagudi.
	Karnataka
	Bangalore - 560004
	Contact:
	Report Of: Mrs. JINAL P JAIN
	Pt. Contact: 8892383845

Sample ID	2410005471	Understand Your			
Patient ID	1102340602	Report In Detail			
Hosptial ID	CANOBG240085				
Received on	08/02/2024 16:55				
Registered on	08/02/2024 17:02	Scan QR code			
Reported on	-				
Referred by	Dr. Srilakshmi				
Sonography by	Dr. ASHWINI J.A				

# EVICOSCREEN - EVIDENCE BASED COMPREHENSIVE PRENATAL SCREENING REPORT

# Patient Name: Mrs. JINAL P JAIN

### Patient DOB: 30/07/1993

EVIC Screen" is an evidence based prenatal screening program curated by Lilac Insights in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK)

guidelines for First Trimester Screening to determine the probality of most common chromosomal aneuploidies in a pregnancy. It utilizes:

- Hormonal values from the pregnancy measured on Fetal Medicine foundation (UK) accredited analyzers and reagents
- Robust indigenous medians from over 7 lac+ pregnancies for different gestation ages

• Risk calculations from evidence based algorithms validated through large international studies

### UKNEQAS: United Kingdom National External Quality Assessment Service

RIQAS: Randox International Quality Assessment

Scheme



The Risk Assessment Performed Using CE-Marked Antenatal Risk Evaluation Software Certified by the British Standards Institute (BSI)- ISO 13485:2016

R	ISK ASSESSME	INT	L	
21 (Down syndrome)	1:8477	Low Risk	LOW	INTERMEDIATE HIGH
18 (Edwards' syndrome)	1:80760	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH
13 (Patau syndrome)	1: 13195	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH
e-eclampsia before 34 wee	eks <b>1:86</b>	High Risk	LOW	HIGH

# **INTERPRETATION**

The First Trimester Enhanced Screening for the given sample is found SCREEN POSITIVE for Pre-eclampsia.

# SUGGESTIONS AND OTHER FINDINGS

In view of Alpha feto protein (AFP) MoMs observed in the mother-

1) Detailed anomaly scan to assess for fetal abnormalities especially that of the spine, anterior abdominal wall and kidneys is recommended.

2) In the absence of fetal anomalies, focused fetal surveillance for growth and well being is recommended in the 3rd trimester of the pregnancy.



Verified by Mr. Pradip Kadam Incharge Biochemistry

Sweth TM-=

Verified by **Dr. Suresh Bhanushali** MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist Page 1 of 3

 MC-6043
 (FMF ID: 147760)

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Patient name : Mrs. JINAL P JAIN

Sample ID: 2410005471

Sample Type:Serum

Method: Time-resolved Eluroimmunoass

Risk assessment: Algorithm validated by SURUSS 2003, N.J Wald

Method: I ime	e-resolved Flurolmmunoas	say						
			PREGNANCY	' DETAILS				
No. of fetuses GA is Based or Smoking : No Ethinicity:Asia	n :CRL61mmat08, ne <b>Parity</b> :1P		EDD LMP Date Height	: 18/08/2024 : 14/11/2023 : 153.0 cm	Age at Terr LMP Certa Weight	n :31.1 inty :Regu :43.00	lar	
Previous pregnancy history         Down syndrome       Edwards' syndrome         Patau syndrome       NTD syndrome         EDD: Estimated Due Date / GA: Gestation Age / LMP: Last Meri			Pre-eclampsia history PE in previous pregnancy Pat. mother had PE enstrual Period   FHR: Fetal Heart Rate   NTD: N of Birth		Other findings Insulin dependent diabetes Chronic hypertension Neural Tube Defect   PE: Pre-eclampsia   DOB: Date			
			SPECIMEN	DETAILS				
Sample ID Collection Dat	: 2410005471 te : 08/02/2024	CRL : CRL2 :	61 mm	Test Name	Conc.	Unit	Corr. Mom	
Scan Date GA at Coll Dat	:08/02/2024	BPD : BPD2 :		Free-ß-hCG NB	32.80 Present	ng/mL	0.73	
GA at Scan Da Received on		HC :		AFP NT	36.40 1.8	U/mL mm	2.02 1.28	
Received off	.00/02/2024	пс2 .		PAPP-A PLGF	2380.00 31.87	mU/L pg/mL	0.47 0.45	
				MAP UTPI	76.67 2.91	mmHg 	0.96 1.67	
GA: Gestation Age   CRL: Crown Rump Length   BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter   HC: Head Circumference   free-ß-hCG: free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT: Nuchal Translucency   PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A								
RISKS								
	<b>vn Syndrome</b> 1:8477 1:250	Age risk: Risk type	1:848 Risk At Term	Resu	llt:	Low Risk		
Final risk:	<b>/ards' Syndrome</b> 1:80760 1:100	Age risk: Risk type	1:7630 Risk At Term	Resu	ilt:	Low Risk		
	<b>au Syndrome</b> 1:13195 1:100	Age risk: Risk type	1:22906 Risk At Term	Resu	lt:	Low Risk		
	< <b>34 weeks</b> 1: 86 1: 100	Risk type	Risk at Term	Resu	lt:	High Risk		



Verified by Mr. Pradip Kadam Incharge Biochemistry (FMF ID: 147760)

Verified by Dr. Suresh Bhanushali MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist Page 2 of 3







Sample ID: 2410005471

### Patient name : Mrs. JINAL P JAIN

# PRENATAL SCREENING BACKGROUND

Every pregnant woman carries a certain degree of risk that her fetus/baby may have certain chromosomal defect/ abnormalities. Diagnosis of these fetal chromosomal abnormalities requires confirmatory testing through analysis of amniocytes or Chorionic Villous Samples (CVS). However, amniocentesis and CVS procedures carry some degree of risk for miscarriage or other pregnancy complications (Tabor and Alfirevic, 2010). Therefore in routine practice, prenatal screening tests are offered to a pregnant woman to provide her a personalised risk for the most common chromosomal abnormalities (T21-Down syndrome, T18- Edwards' syndrome, T13- Patau syndrome) using her peripheral blood sample. Based on this risk assessment, if the risk is high or intermediate, you can take informed decision of opting for invasive procedure such as amniocentesis or CVS followed by confirmatory diagnostic test(s), as per discussion with your clinician.

### PRENATAL SCREENING TESTS ARE NOT CONFIRMATORY TESTS. THEY ARE LIKELIHOOD ASSESSMENT TESTS.

You may get your prenatal screening result as either of the following:-

# High Risk

Low Risk

Intermediate

**High Risk or Screen Positive Result:** A High Risk Result does not mean that the pregnancy is affected with the condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is higher than the cut-off (Most commonly used cut-off is 1:250 and this represents the risk of pregnancy loss from confirmatory testing through CVS or amniocentesis).

**Low Risk or Screen Negative Result:** A Low Risk result does not mean that the pregnancy is not affected with a condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is lower than the cut-off.

**Intermediate Risk result:** An intermediate Risk result means that the pregnancy has an equivocal or a borderline risk of being affected with a condition. In this case, you may want to choose a second stage screening modality like a Non-invasive Prenatal Screening Test between 12 to 20 weeks of pregnancy before taking a decision on an invasive confirmatory testing. This will help you improve the sensitivity of the screening test keeping an invasive test a last option were you to come as a high risk in the second stage screening test.

### SIGNIFICANCE OF MULTIPLE OF MEDIANS (MoMs)

Prenatal Screening determines the likelihood of the pregnancy being affected with certain conditions by analysing levels of certain hormones. These hormones are Feto placental products (released by Fetus or placenta). Their levels not only indicate propensity of the fetus being affected with certain chromosomal conditions, they also provide indication of placental insufficiency that can potentially lead to pregnancy complications like Pre-Eclampsia or Intra-Uterine Growth Restriction. It is therefore important to take cognisance of the Reported MoMs alongside the Risk results.

# For more information, visit our website at: <u>www.lilacinsights.com/faq-pns</u>

# DISCLAIMERS

#### Limitations of the Test:

As prenatal screening tests are not confirmatory diagnostic tests, the possibility of false positive or false negative results can not be denied. The results issued for this test does not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or sub- chromosomal abnormalities, birth defects and other complications.

Nuchal Translucency is the most prominent marker in screening for Trisomy 13, 18, 21 in the first trimester and should be measured in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines. Nuchal Translucency or Crown Rump Length measurement, if not performed as per FMF (UK) imaging guidelines may lead to erroneous risk assessments and Lilac Insights bears no responsibility for errors arising due to sonography measurements not performed as per these criteria defined by international bodies such as FMF (UK), ISUOG.

It is assumed that the details provided along with the sample are correct. The manner in which this information is used to guide patient care is the responsibility of the healthcare provider, including advising for the need for genetic counselling or additional diagnostic testing like amniocentesis or Chorionic Villus Sampling. Any diagnostic test should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings. As with any medical test, there is always a chance of failure or error in sample analysis though extensive measures are taken to avoid these errors.

- Quality of the Down syndrome screening program (Biochemical values, MoMs and Risk assessments) is monitored by UKNEQAS on an ongoing basis.
- This interpretation assumes that patient and specimen details are accurate and correct.
- Lilac Insights does not bear responsibility for ultrasound measurements like CRL,NT,NB etc. We strongly recommend that ultrasound measurements are performed as per FMF (UK)/ISUOG practice guidelines.
- PE risk stratification is done using a cut-off of 1:100 as per ASPRE study.
- It must be clearly understood that the results represent risk and not diagnostic outcomes. Increased risk does not mean that the baby is affected and
  further tests must be performed before a firm diagnosis can be made. A Low Risk result does not exclude the possibility of Down's syndrome or other
  abnormalities, as the risk assessment does not detect all affected pregnancies.
- Each sample received at Lilac Insights' processing centre is handled with the utmost sensitivity and care. All samples received on Sundays and National holidays are stored as per specific guidelines for the respective specimens and processed on the next day.

END OF REPORT

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