





To: Cancyte Technologies Pvt Ltd-Bangalore 1st Cross Road, Shankarapuram Basavanagudi. Karnataka Bangalore - 560004	Sample ID Patient ID Received on Registered on	2310037092 1102325297 18/10/2023 21:57	Understand Your Report In Detail
Contact: <b>Report Of: Mrs. RAKSHITHA A</b> Pt. Contact: 9945321896	Reported on Referred by Sonography by	20/10/2023 12:23 - Dr. SREEMATHI Dr. SAVITA SRIKANT	Scan QR code

### EVICOSCREEN - EVIDENCE BASED COMPREHENSIVE PRENATAL SCREENING REPORT

#### Patient Name: Mrs. RAKSHITHA A

### Patient DOB: 21/05/1997

EVIC Screen" is an evidence based prenatal screening program curated by Lilac Insights in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines for First Trimester Screening to determine the probality of most common chromosomal aneuploidies in a pregnancy. It utilizes:

- Hormonal values from the pregnancy measured on Fetal Medicine foundation (UK) accredited analyzers and reagents
- Robust indigenous medians from over 7 lac+ pregnancies for different gestation ages
- Risk calculations from evidence based algorithms validated through large international studies

#### **UKNEQAS: United Kingdom National External Quality** Assessment Service

**RIQAS: Randox International Quality Assessment** Scheme



The Risk Assessment Performed Using **CE-Marked Antenatal Risk Evaluation Software** Certified by the British Standards Institute (BSI)- ISO 13485:2016

RI	SK ASSESSMEI	T			MULTIPLE MEDIAN (	
T21 (Down syndrome)	1:5701	Low Risk	LOW	INTERMEDIATE HIGH		-
T18 (Edwards' syndrome)	1:100000	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	Free ß-hCG	5.7 3.0
T13 (Patau syndrome)	1: 100000	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	PAPP-A	1.28
Pre-eclampsia before 34 wee	ks <b>1:9927</b>	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	PLGF	0.73

### INTERPRETATION

The First Trimester Enhanced Screening for the given sample is found SCREEN NEGATIVE.

### SUGGESTIONS AND OTHER FINDINGS

In view of free bHCG MoMs observed in the mother, kindly consider correlation with fetal growth and well being scan at 28 - 30 weeks. In view of Alpha feto protein (AFP) MoMs observed in the mother-

1) Detailed anomaly scan to assess for fetal abnormalities especially that of the spine, anterior abdominal wall and kidneys is recommended.

2) In the absence of fetal anomalies, focused fetal surveillance for growth and well being is recommended in the 3rd trimester of the pregnancy.



UK NEQAS

Lab Reg. No. 90968

Beele Verified by

Verified by Dr. Suresh Bhanushali MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist Page 1 of 3



Lilac Insights Pvt. Ltd. 301-302, Building A-1, Rupa Solitaire Millennium Business Park, MIDC Industrial Area, Sector-1, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400710 Phone: +91 22 41841438; Website: www.lilacinsights.com; For queries or complaints, please email: info@lilacinsights.com | CIN - U85191MH2011PTC217513







Patient name : Mrs. RAKSHITHA A

Sample ID: 2310037092

Sample Type:Serum

Risk assessment: Algorithm validated by SURUSS 2003, N.J Wald

PREGNANCY DETAILS     No. of fetuses   :1   EDD   :20/04/2024   Age at Term   :26.9 Years     GA is Based on   :CRL 76mm at 18/10/2023   LMP Date   :22/07/2023   LMP Certainty   :Regular     Smoking : None   Parity : Nulliparous   Height   :167.6 cm   Weight   :64.00 Kg     Ethinicity: Asian   FHR   :   Previous pregnancy history   Pre-eclampsia history   Other findings     Down syndrome   Edwards' syndrome   Pat. mother had PE   Chronic hypertension     EDD: Estimated Due Date / GA: Gestation Age / LMP: Last Menstrual Period / FHR: Fetal Heart Rate / NTD: Neural Tube Defect / PE: Pre-eclampsia / DOB: Date allorith   Corr. Mom     Collection Date   :18/10/2023   CRL   :76 mm   Test Name   Conc.   Unit   Corr. Mom     GA at Scan Date   :18/10/2023   CRL 2   :   Free-8-hCG   145.00   ng/mL   5.77     GA at Scan Date   :18/10/2023   BPD 2:   AFP   60.20   U/mL   3.07     GA at Scan Date   :18/10/2023   HC2 :   NT   1.4   mm   0.90     PAPP-A   6990.00   mU/L   1.28   PLGF	Method:Time-resolved Fluroimmunoassay								
GA is Based on   : CRL 76mm at 18/10/2023   LMP Date   : 22/07/2023   LMP Certainty   : Regular     Smoking : None   Parity   : Nulliparous   Height   : 167.6 cm   Weight   : 64.00 Kg     Ethinicity:Asian   FHR   :	PREGNAN	ICY DETAILS							
Down syndrome   Edwards' syndrome   PE in previous pregnancy   Insulin dependent diabetes     Patau syndrome   NTD syndrome   Pat. mother had PE   Chronic hypertension     EDD: Estimated Due Date / GA: Gestation Age / LMP: Last Menstrual Period / FHR: Fetal Heart Rate / NTD: Neural Tube Defect / PE: Pre-eclampsia / DOB: Date of Birth     Sample ID   : 2310037092   CRL   : 76 mm     Collection Date   : 18/10/2023   CRL2   :     GA at Coll Date   : 13 Weeks 4 Days   BPD 2   NT     At Coll Date   : 13 Weeks 4 Days   HC   :     ME   Present   AFP   60.20   U/mL   3.07     GA at Scan Date   : 18/10/2023   HC :   :   NT   1.4   mm   0.90     PLGF   53.30   pg/mL   0.73   MAP   80.00   mmHg   0.94     GA: Gestation Age / CRL: Crown Rump Length / BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter / HC: Head Circumference / free-8-hCG: free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT. Nuchal Translucency / PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A   0.57     GA: Gestation Age / CRL: Crown Rump Length / BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter / HC: Head Circumference / free-8-hCG: free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT. Nuchal Translucency / PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A   0.57	GA is Based on: CRL 76mm at 18/10/2023LMP DateSmoking : NoneParity : NulliparousHeight	:22/07/2023	LMP Certai	nty :Regu	lar				
Sample ID     : 2310037092     CRL     : 76 mm     Test Name     Conc.     Unit     Corr. Mom       Collection Date     : 18/10/2023     CRL2     :     Free.B-hCG     145.00     ng/mL     5.77       Scan Date     : 18/10/2023     BPD     :     NB     Present     0     0       GA at Coll Date     : 13 Weeks 4 Days     BPD2     :     AFP     60.20     U/mL     3.07       GA at Scan Date     : 13 Weeks 4 Days     HC     :     NT     1.4     mm     0.90       Received on     : 18/10/2023     HC     :     PAPP-A     6990.00     mU/L     1.28       PLGF     53.30     pg/mL     0.73     MAP     80.00     mmHg     0.94       GA: Gestation Age / CRL: Crown Rump Length / BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter / HC: Head Circumference / free-B-hCG: free-B-hCG: free-B-ta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT: Nuchal Translucency / PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A     Conductore NT	Previous pregnancy history   Pre-eclampsia history   Other findings     Down syndrome   Edwards' syndrome   PE in previous pregnancy   Insulin dependent diabetes     Patau syndrome   NTD syndrome   Pat. mother had PE   Chronic hypertension     EDD: Estimated Due Date   GA: Gestation Age   LMP: Last Menstrual Period   FHR: Fetal Heart Rate   NTD: Neural Tube Defect   PE: Pre-eclampsia   DOB: Date								
Collection Date   : 18/10/2023   CRL2   :   Free-B-hCG   145.00   ng/mL   5.77     Scan Date   : 18/10/2023   BPD   :   NB   Present   0.00   0	SPECIME	EN DETAILS							
Scan Date   : 18/10/2023   BPD   :   NB   Present   0.143.00   119.00	Sample ID : 2310037092 CRL : 76 mm	Test Name	Conc.	Unit	Corr. Mom				
GA at Coll Date   : 13 Weeks 4 Days   BPD2   :   AFP   60.20   U/mL   3.07     GA at Scan Date   : 13 Weeks 4 Days   HC   :   NT   1.4   mm   0.90     Received on   : 18/10/2023   HC2   :   PAPP-A   6990.00   mU/L   1.28     PLGF   53.30   pg/mL   0.73     MAP   80.00   mmHg   0.94     OTPI   0.84    0.57				ng/mL	5.77				
GA at Scan Date   : 13 Weeks 4 Days   HC   :   NT   1.4   mm   0.90     Received on   : 18/10/2023   HC2   :   PAPP-A   6990.00   mU/L   1.28     PLGF   53.30   pg/mL   0.73     MAP   80.00   mmHg   0.94     UTPI   0.84    0.57									
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PAPP-A6990.00mU/L1.28PLGF53.30pg/mL0.73MAP80.00mmHg0.94UTPI0.840.57GA: Gestation Age / CRL: Crown Rump Length / BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter / HC: Head Circumference / free-B-hCG: free-Beta Human Choropin NT: Nuchal Translucency / PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated PlasmaRISKS									
MAP 80.00 mmHg 0.94 UTPI 0.84 0.57 GA: Gestation Age / CRL: Crown Rump Length / BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter / HC: Head Circumference / free-B-hCG: free-Bet a Uman Cho-sonadotropin NT: Nuchal Translucency / PAPP-A: Preparated Plasma Presare a Uman Cho-sonadotropin RISKS				mU/L					
UTPI   0.84    0.57     GA: Gestation Age / CRL: Crown Rump Length / BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter / HC: Head Circumference / free-B-hCG: free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT: Nuchal Translucency / PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A   0.57     RISKS   RISKS   0.57		PLGF	53.30	pg/mL	0.73				
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NT: Nuchal Translucency   PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A RISKS		UTPI	0.84		0.57				
	GA: Gestation Age   CRL: Crown Rump Length   BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter   HC: Head Circumference   free-&-hCG: free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT: Nuchal Translucency   PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A								
	RISKS								
Disorder: Down Syndrome Result: Low Risk	Disorder: Down Syndrome	Resu	lt:	Low Risk	< 🔴				
Final risk: 1:5701 Age risk: 1:1256	-								
Cutoff 1:250 Risk type Risk At Term	Cutoff 1:250 Risk type Risk At Terr	n							
Disorder: Edwards' Syndrome Result: Low Risk									
Final risk: 1:100000 Age risk: 1:11300	-								
Cutoff 1:100 Risk type Risk At Term	Cutoff 1:100 Risk type Risk At Terr	n							
Disorder: Patau Syndrome Result: Low Risk									
Final risk: 1:100000 Age risk: 1:33937	Final risk: 1:100000 Age risk: 1:33937								
Cutoff 1:100 Risk type Risk At Term	Cutoff 1:100 Risk type Risk At Terr	n							
Disorder: PE < 34 weeks Result: Low Risk   Final risk: 1: 9927		Resu	llt:	Low Risk	( <b>•</b>				
Cutoff 1: 100 Risk type Risk at Term		n							



Verified by Mr. Pradip Kadam Incharge Biochemistry



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### Patient name: Mrs. RAKSHITHAA

# Sample ID: 2310037092

### PRENATAL SCREENING BACKGROUND

Every pregnant woman carries a certain degree of risk that her fetus/baby may have certain chromosomal defect/ abnormalities. Diagnosis of these fetal chromosomal abnormalities requires confirmatory testing through analysis of amniocytes or Chorionic Villous Samples (CVS). However, amniocentesis and CVS procedures carry some degree of risk for miscarriage or other pregnancy complications (Tabor and Alfirevic, 2010). Therefore in routine practice, prenatal screening tests are offered to a pregnant woman to provide her a personalised risk for the most common chromosomal abnormalities (T21-Down syndrome, T18- Edwards' syndrome, T13- Patau syndrome) using her peripheral blood sample. Based on this risk assessment, if the risk is high or intermediate, you can take informed decision of opting for invasive procedure such as amniocentesis or CVS followed by confirmatory diagnostic test(s), as per discussion with your clinician.

### PRENATAL SCREENING TESTS ARE NOT CONFIRMATORY TESTS. THEY ARE LIKELIHOOD ASSESSMENT TESTS.

You may get your prenatal screening result as either of the following:-

## **High Risk**

Low Risk

High Risk or Screen Positive Result: A High Risk Result does not mean that the pregnancy is affected with the condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is higher than the cut-off (Most commonly used cut-off is 1:250 and this represents the risk of pregnancy loss from confirmatory testing through CVS or amniocentesis).

Low Risk or Screen Negative Result: A Low Risk result does not mean that the pregnancy is not affected with a condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is lower than the cut-off.

Intermediate Risk result: An intermediate Risk result means that the pregnancy has an equivocal or a borderline risk of being affected with a condition. In this case, you may want to choose a second stage screening modality like a Non-invasive Prenatal Screening Test between 12 to 20 weeks of pregnancy before taking a decision on an invasive confirmatory testing. This will help you improve the sensitivity of the screening test keeping an invasive test a last option were you to come as a high risk in the second stage screening test.

### SIGNIFICANCE OF MULTIPLE OF MEDIANS (MoMs)

Prenatal Screening determines the likelihood of the pregnancy being affected with certain conditions by analysing levels of certain hormones. These hormones are Feto placental products (released by Fetus or placenta). Their levels not only indicate propensity of the fetus being affected with certain chromosomal conditions, they also provide indication of placental insufficiency that can potentially lead to pregnancy complications like Pre-Eclampsia or Intra-Uterine Growth Restriction. It is therefore important to take cognisance of the Reported MoMs alongside the Risk results.

### For more information, visit our website at: <u>www.lilacinsights.com/faq-pns</u>

### DISCLAIMERS

#### Limitations of the Test:

As prenatal screening tests are not confirmatory diagnostic tests, the possibility of false positive or false negative results can not be denied. The results issued for this test does not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or sub- chromosomal abnormalities, birth defects and other complications.

Nuchal Translucency is the most prominent marker in screening for Trisomy 13, 18, 21 in the first trimester and should be measured in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines. Nuchal Translucency or Crown Rump Length measurement, if not performed as per FMF (UK) imaging guidelines may lead to erroneous risk assessments and Lilac Insights bears no responsibility for errors arising due to sonography measurements not performed as per these criteria defined by international bodies such as FMF (UK), ISUOG.

It is assumed that the details provided along with the sample are correct. The manner in which this information is used to guide patient care is the responsibility of the healthcare provider, including advising for the need for genetic counselling or additional diagnostic testing like amniocentesis or Chorionic Villus Sampling. Any diagnostic test should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings. As with any medical test, there is always a chance of failure or error in sample analysis though extensive measures are taken to avoid these errors. Note:

- Quality of the Down syndrome screening program (Biochemical values, MoMs and Risk assessments) is monitored by UKNEQAS on an ongoing basis.
- This interpretation assumes that patient and specimen details are accurate and correct.
- Lilac Insights does not bear responsibility for ultrasound measurements like CRL,NT,NB etc. We strongly recommend that ultrasound measurements are performed as per FMF (UK)/ISUOG practice guidelines.
- PE risk stratification is done using a cut-off of 1:100 as per ASPRE study.
- It must be clearly understood that the results represent risk and not diagnostic outcomes. Increased risk does not mean that the baby is affected and further tests must be performed before a firm diagnosis can be made. A Low Risk result does not exclude the possibility of Down's syndrome or other abnormalities, as the risk assessment does not detect all affected pregnancies.
- Each sample received at Lilac Insights' processing centre is handled with the utmost sensitivity and care. All samples received on Sundays and National holidays are stored as per specific guidelines for the respective specimens and processed on the next day.

**END OF REPORT** 



Lab Reg. No. 90968