





#### To: **SMB Diagnostics-Hubli**

Patted's Building, Ground Floor, Opp. State Bank Of India, Shirur Park Branch, Vidyanagar Karnataka Hubli - 580031

Contact:

Report Of: Mrs. RATHNAMMA R

Pt. Contact: 

SampleID	2210030145
Patient ID	1102215126
Received on	26/07/2022 15:15
Registered on	03/08/2022 12:00
Reported on	03/08/2022 17:07
Referred by	DR.NAGAVENI SGABI
Sonography by	DR.NAGAVENI S.GABI

Risk assessment: Algorithm validated by SURUSS 2003, N.J Wald

# EVICOSCREEN - EVIDENCE BASED COMPREHENSIVE PRENATAL SCREENING REPORT

Patient Name: Mrs. RATHNAMMA R		Patient DOB: 01/06/1984
Ethnicity: Asian	City: HUBLI	Hospital ID:

Sample Type:Serum

Method:Electrochemiluminescence

EVIC Screen" is an evidence based prenatal screening program curated by Lilac Insights in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation

(UK) guidelines for First Trimester Screening to determine the probability of most common chromosomal aneuploidies in a pregnancy. It utilizes:

Hormonal values from the pregnancy measured on Fetal Medicine foundation (UK) accredited analyzers and reagents

Robust indigenous medians from over 5 lac+ pregnancies for different gestation ages

Risk calculations from evidence based algorithms validated through large international studies

• External audit of the prenatal screening program by United Kingdom National External Quality Assessment Service (UKNEQAS) scheme and Randox International Quality Assessment Scheme (RIQAS)

RI	SK ASSESSME	NT			MULTIPLE OF MEDIAN (MoM)
T21 (Down syndrome)	1:6006	Low Risk	LOW	INTERMEDIATE HIGH	
T18 (Edwards' syndrome)	1:59851	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	Freeß-hCG 0.83
T13 (Patau syndrome)	1:40376	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	PAPP-A 0.57
		INTERPRETAT	ION		

The First Trimester Screening for the given sample is found SCREEN NEGATIVE.

UK NEQAS

Lab Reg. No. 90968

Beel Verified by Mr. Pradip Kadam

Incharge Biochemistry

Verified by Dr. Suresh Bhanushali MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist

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PREGNANCY DETAILS



### Patient name : Mrs. RATHNAMMA R

# Sample ID : 2210030145

			PREGNANC	Y DE TAILS					
No. of fetuses	:1		EDD	:25/01/2023	Age at Terr	<b>n</b> :38.7	Years		
GA is Based on	: CRL 77mm at 25	/07/2022	LMP Date	:26/04/2022	LMP Certa	<b>inty</b> :Regu	lar		
Smoking : None	e Parity :		Height	:161.0 cm	Weight	: 57.40	0 Kg		
FHR :									
Pre	vious pregnancy hist	ory	Pre-ec	lampsia history		Other fin	dings		
Down syndrome Edwards' syndrome		PE in pre	PE in previous pregnancy		Insulin dependent diabetes				
Patau syndrome 🔲 NTD syndrome		Irome	Pat. mot	her had PE	Chro	Chronic hypertension			
EDD: Estimated L	Due Date   GA: Gestation Ag	e   LMP: Last Me	enstrual Period   FH of Bir		D: Neural Tube Defe	ect   PE: Pre-e	clampsia   DOB: l		
			SPECIMEN	DETAILS					
Sample ID	: 2210030145	CRL	77 mm	Test Name	Conc.	Unit	Corr. Mom		
Collection Date	e :25/07/2022	CRL2		Free-ß-hCG	24.93	ng/mL	0.83		
Scan Date	: 25/07/2022	BPD :		NB	Present				
GA at Coll Date	: 13 Weeks 5 Days	BPD2		NT	1.5	mm	0.86		
GA at Scan Dat	e: 13 Weeks 5 Days	HC :		PAPP-A	3845.00	mIU/L	0.57		
Received on	:26/07/2022	HC2							
GA: Gestation Ag	ge   CRL: Crown Rump Lengt. NT:		cency   PAPP-A: Pre	gnancy-associated Plasm		Human Chor	ionic Gonadotro		
			RISH						
Disorder: Dow	-			R	esult:	Low Risk	( <b>•</b>		
	:6006	Age risk:	1:183						
Cutoff 1	:250	Risk type	Risk At Term						
Disorder: Edwa	rds' Syndrome			R	esult:	Low Risk	( <b>•</b>		
	:59851	Age risk:	1:1643						
Cutoff 1	:100	Risk type	Risk At Term						
				R	esult:	Low Risk	(		
Disorder: Pata	u Syndrome								
	u <b>Syndrome</b> :40376	Age risk:	1:4929						



UK NEQAS International Quality Exper Lab Reg. No. 20968





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Verified by Ver Mr. Pradip Kadam Dr. Sures Incharge Biochemistry MD (Path), Co

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Sample ID: 2210030145

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#### Patient name : Mrs. RATHNAMMA R

## PRENATAL SCREENING BACKGROUND

Every pregnant woman carries a certain degree of risk that her fetus/baby may have certain chromosomal defect/ abnormalities. Diagnosis of these fetal chromosomal abnormalities requires confirmatory testing through analysis of amniocytes or Chorionic Villous Samples (CVS). However, amniocentesis and CVS procedures carry some degree of risk for miscarriage or other pregnancy complications (Tabor and Alfirevic, 2010). Therefore in routine practice, prenatal screening tests are offered to a pregnant woman to provide her a personalised risk for the most common chromosomal abnormalities (T21-Down syndrome, T18- Edwards' syndrome, T13- Patau syndrome) using her peripheral blood sample. Based on this risk assessment, if the risk is high or intermediate, you can take informed decision of opting for invasive procedure such as amniocentesis or CVS followed by confirmatory diagnostic test(s), as per discussion with your clinician.

#### PRENATAL SCREENING TESTS ARE NOT CONFIRMATORY TESTS. THEY ARE LIKELIHOOD ASSESSMENT TESTS.

You may get your prenatal screening result as either of the following:-

**High Risk** 

**High Risk or Screen Positive Result:** A High Risk Result does not mean that the pregnancy is affected with the condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is higher than the cut-off (Most commonly used cut-off is 1:250 and this represents the risk of pregnancy loss from confirmatory testing through CVS or amniocentesis).

Low Risk

Intermediat

**Low Risk or Screen Negative Result:** A Low Risk result does not mean that the pregnancy is not affected with a condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is lower than the cut-off.

**Intermediate Risk result:** An intermediate Risk result means that the pregnancy has an equivocal or a borderline risk of being affected with a condition. In this case, you may want to choose a second stage screening modality like an Integrated Screening Test that is done between 16 to 20 weeks of pregnancy or a Non-invasive Prenatal Screening Test between 12 to 20 weeks of pregnancy before taking a decision on an invasive confirmatory testing. This will help you improve the sensitivity of the screening test keeping an invasive test a last option were you to come as a high risk in the second stage screening test.

### SIGNIFICANCE OF MULTIPLE OF MEDIANS (MoMs)

Prenatal Screening determines the likelihood of the pregnancy being affected with certain conditions by analysing levels of certain hormones. These hormones are Feto placental products (released by Fetus or placenta). Their levels not only indicate propensity of the fetus being affected with certain chromosomal conditions, they also provide indication of placental insufficiency that can potentially lead to pregnancy complications like Pre-Eclampsia or Intra-Uterine Growth Restriction. It is therefore important to take cognisance of the Reported MoMs alongside the Risk results.

### For more information, visit our website at: www.lilacinsights.com/faq-pns

## DISCLAIMERS

#### Limitations of the Test:

As prenatal screening tests are not confirmatory diagnostic tests, the possibility of false positive or false negative results can not be denied. The results issued for this test does not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or sub- chromosomal abnormalities, birth defects and other complications.

Nuchal Translucency is the most prominent marker in screening for Trisomy 13, 18, 21 in the first trimester and should be measured in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines. Nuchal Translucency or Crown Rump Length measurement, if not performed as per FMF (UK) imaging guidelines may lead to erroneous risk assessments and Lilac Insights bears no responsibility for errors arising due to sonography measurements not performed as per these criteria defined by international bodies such as FMF (UK), ISUOG.

It is assumed that the details provided along with the sample are correct. The manner in which this information is used to guide patient care is the responsibility of the healthcare provider, including advising for the need for genetic counselling or additional diagnostic testing like amniocentesis or Chorionic Villus Sampling. Any diagnostic test should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings. As with any medical test, there is always a chance of failure or error in sample analysis though extensive measures are taken to avoid these errors.

#### Note:

- Quality of the Down syndrome screening program (Biochemical values, MoMs and Risk assessments) is monitored by UKNEQAS on an ongoing basis.
- This interpretation assumes that patient and specimen details are accurate and correct.
- Lilac Insights does not bear responsibility for ultrasound measurements like CRL,NT,NB etc. We strongly recommend that ultrasound measurements are performed as per FMF (UK)/ISUOG practice guidelines.
- It must be clearly understood that the results represent risk and not diagnostic outcomes. Increased risk does not mean that the baby is affected and further tests must be performed before a firm diagnosis can be made. A Low Risk result does not exclude the possibility of Down's syndrome or other abnormalities, as the risk assessment does not detect all affected pregnancies.

END OF REPORT



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