





То:	Sono Scan Radiodiagnosis & Imaging Centre- Northlakhimpur
	Near R.R(Everready)Petrol Pump,Jail Road Ward No-8,
	Assam
	Northlakhimpur - 787001
	Contact:
	Report Of: Mrs. POPI DAS
	Pt. Contact: 9365525549

SampleID	2200096643
PatientID	1002255446
Received on	30/07/2022 12:35
Registered on	03/08/2022 11:46
Reported on	04/08/2022 10:02
Referred by	DR.MUN KONWAR
Sonography by	DR.A.RAHMAN

Risk assessment: Algorithm validated by SURUSS 2003, N.J Wald

EVICOSCREEN - EVIDENCE BASED COMPREHENSIVE PRENATAL SCREENING REPORT

Patient Name: Mrs. POPI DAS		Patient DOB: 19/08/1999
Ethnicity: Asian	City: LAKHIMPUR	Hospital ID:

Sample Type:Serum

Method:Chemiluminescence

EVIC Screen" is an evidence based prenatal screening program curated by Lilac Insights in accordance with the international guidelines for

prenatal screening to determine the probability of most common chromosomal aneuploidies in a pregnancy. It utilizes:

• Hormonal values from the pregnancy measured on Fetal Medicine foundation (UK) accredited analyzers and reagents

• Robust indigenous medians from over 5 lac+ pregnancies for different gestation ages

• Risk calculations from evidence based algorithms validated through large international studies

• External audit of the prenatal screening program by United Kingdom National External Quality Assessment Service (UKNEQAS) scheme and Randox International Quality Assessment Scheme (RIQAS)

R	ISK ASSESSMEI	NT		
T21 (Down syndrome)	1:36000	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH
T18 (Edwards' syndrome)	1: 100000	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH
Neural tube/ Abdominal wall defect	-	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH

INTERPRETATION

The Quadruple Screening for the given sample is found SCREEN NEGATIVE.



UK NEQAS

Lab Reg. No. 90968

Verified by Mr. Pradip Kadam

Incharge Biochemistry

Verified by **Dr. Suresh Bhanushali** MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist Page 1 of 3









Sample ID: 2200096643

Patient name : Mrs. POPI DAS

PREGNANCY DETAILS No. of fetuses :1 EDD :07/01/2023 Age at Term :23.3 Years GA is Based on LMP Certainty : Regular : CRL 23mm at 04/06/2022 LMP Date Smoking: None Height Weight : 52.95 Kg Parity : : FHR : **Previous pregnancy history Pre-eclampsia history Other findings** Down syndrome Edwards' syndrome PE in previous pregnancy Insulin dependent diabetes Patau syndrome NTD syndrome Pat. mother had PE Chronic hypertension EDD: Estimated Due Date | GA: Gestation Age | LMP: Last Menstrual Period | FHR: Fetal Heart Rate | NTD: Neural Tube Defect | PE: Pre-eclampsia | DOB: Date of Birth **SPECIMEN DETAILS** Sample ID :2200096643 CRL :23 mm **Test Name** Conc. Unit Corr. Mom Free-ß-hCG **Collection Date** :26/07/2022 CRL2 : 27.04 ng/mL 1.80 AFP 54.11 1.42 ng/mL Scan Date :04/06/2022 BPD • uE3 3.45 0.91 nmol/L GA at Coll Date BPD2 : : 16 Weeks 3 Days Inhibin A 172.29 0.86 pg/mL GA at Scan Date :9 Weeks 0 Days HC : Received on : 30/07/2022 HC2 : GA: Gestation Age | CRL: Crown Rump Length | BPD: Bi-parietal Diameter | HC: Head Circumference | free-B-hCG: free-Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin NT: Nuchal Translucency | PAPP-A: Pregnancy-associated Plasma Protein-A RISKS **Disorder: Down Syndrome Result:** Low Risk Final risk: 1:36000 Age risk: 1:1400 Cutoff 1:250 **Risk type Risk At Term** Low Risk Disorder: Edwards' Syndrome Result: Final risk: 1:100000 Age risk: 1:8800 Cutoff 1:100 **Risk At Term Risk type** Neural tube / Abdominal wall defect Result: Low Risk Final risk: Age risk: Cutoff 2.5 **Risk type Risk at Term**



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Sample ID: 2200096643

Patient name : Mrs. POPI DAS

PRENATAL SCREENING BACKGROUND

Every pregnant woman carries a certain degree of risk that her fetus/baby may have certain chromosomal defect/ abnormalities. Diagnosis of these fetal chromosomal abnormalities requires confirmatory testing through analysis of amniocytes or Chorionic Villous Samples (CVS). However, amniocentesis and CVS procedures carry some degree of risk for miscarriage or other pregnancy complications (Tabor and Alfirevic, 2010). Therefore in routine practice, prenatal screening tests are offered to a pregnant woman to provide her a personalised risk for the most common chromosomal abnormalities (T21-Down syndrome, T18- Edwards' syndrome, T13- Patau syndrome) using her peripheral blood sample. Based on this risk assessment, if the risk is high or intermediate, you can take informed decision of opting for invasive procedure such as amniocentesis or CVS followed by confirmatory diagnostic test(s), as per discussion with your clinician.

PRENATAL SCREENING TESTS ARE NOT CONFIRMATORY TESTS. THEY ARE LIKELIHOOD ASSESSMENT TESTS.

You may get your prenatal screening result as either of the following:-

High Risk

High Risk or Screen Positive Result: A High Risk Result does not mean that the pregnancy is affected with the condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is higher than the cut-off (Most commonly used cut-off is 1:250 and this represents the risk of pregnancy loss from confirmatory testing through CVS or amniocentesis).

Low Risk

Low Risk or Screen Negative Result: A Low Risk result does not mean that the pregnancy is not affected with a condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is lower than the cut-off.

SIGNIFICANCE OF MULTIPLE OF MEDIANS (MoMs)

Prenatal Screening determines the likelihood of the pregnancy being affected with certain conditions by analysing levels of certain hormones. These hormones are Feto placental products (released by Fetus or placenta). Their levels not only indicate propensity of the fetus being affected with certain chromosomal conditions, they also provide indication of placental insufficiency that can potentially lead to pregnancy complications like Pre-Eclampsia or Intra-Uterine Growth Restriction. It is therefore important to take cognisance of the Reported MoMs alongside the Risk results.

For more information, visit our website at: www.lilacinsights.com/faq-pns

DISCLAIMERS

Limitations of the Test:

As prenatal screening tests are not confirmatory diagnostic tests, the possibility of false positive or false negative results can not be denied. The results issued for this test does not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or sub- chromosomal abnormalities, birth defects and other complications.

Nuchal Translucency is the most prominent marker in screening for Trisomy 13, 18, 21 in the first trimester and should be measured in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines. Nuchal Translucency or Crown Rump Length measurement, if not performed as per FMF (UK) imaging guidelines may lead to erroneous risk assessments and Lilac Insights bears no responsibility for errors arising due to sonography measurements not performed as per these criteria defined by international bodies such as FMF (UK), ISUOG.

It is assumed that the details provided along with the sample are correct. The manner in which this information is used to guide patient care is the responsibility of the healthcare provider, including advising for the need for genetic counselling or additional diagnostic testing like amniocentesis or Chorionic Villus Sampling. Any diagnostic test should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings. As with any medical test, there is always a chance of failure or error in sample analysis though extensive measures are taken to avoid these errors.

Note:

- Quality of the Down's Syndrome & ONTD screening program (Biochemical values, MoMs and Risk assessments) monitored by UKNEQAS on an ongoing basis.
- This interpretation assumes that patient and specimen details are accurate and correct.
- Lilac Insights does not bear responsibility for the Ultra sound measurements.
- This is a risk estimation test and not a diagnostic test. An increased risk result does not mean that the fetus is affected and a low risk result does not mean that the fetus is unaffected. Reported risks should be correlated and adjusted according to the absence/presence of sonographic markers observed in the anomaly/malformation scan.
- The above risk has been calculated based on Biochemistry values alone.
- It must be clearly understood that the results represent risk and not diagnostic outcomes. Increased risk does not mean that the baby is affected and further tests must be performed before a firm diagnosis can be made. A low risk result does not exclude the possibility of Down's Syndrome or other abnormalities, as the risk assessment does not detect all affected pregnancies.

END OF REPORT





