





Risk assessment: Algorithm validated by SURUSS 2003, N.J Wald

To:	AIIMS Hospital-Raipur	SampleID	2200034661
	Raipur, Chhattisgarh	PatientID	10021129138
	Raipur - 492009	Received on	22/03/2022 16:06
	Contact:	Registered on	25/03/2022 10:31
	Report Of: Mrs. DR.BHAVYA	Reported on	25/03/2022 11:04
	Pt. Contact:	Referred by	DR.ATIYA RAZA
		Sonography by	DR.VIVEK BHOJASIYA

EVICOSCREEN - EVIDENCE BASED COMPREHENSIVE PRENATAL SCREENING REPORT

Patient Name: Mrs. DR	BHAVYA	Patient DOB: 26/07/1991	
Ethnicity: Asian	City: RAIPUR	Hospital ID:	

Sample Type: Serum

Method: Time-resolved Fluroimmunoassay

EVIC Screen[®] is an evidence based prenatal screening program curated by Lilac Insights in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines for First Trimester Screening to determine the probability of most common chromosomal aneuploidies in a pregnancy. It utilizes:

• Hormonal values from the pregnancy measured on Fetal Medicine foundation (UK) accredited analyzers and reagents

• Robust indigenous medians from over 5 lac+ pregnancies for different gestation ages

• Risk calculations from evidence based algorithms validated through large international studies

• External audit of the prenatal screening program by United Kingdom National External Quality Assessment Service (UKNEQAS) scheme and Randox International Quality Assessment Scheme (RIQAS)

RI	SK ASSESSMEN	т			MULTIPLE	
T21 (Down syndrome)	1:85907	Low Risk	LOW	INTERMEDIATE HIGH	MEDIAN (I	
T18 (Edwards' syndrome)	1:100000	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	Free ß-hCG	
T13 (Patau syndrome)	1: 100000	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	PAPP-A	1.29
Pre-eclampsia before 34 wee	ks 1:11624	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH	PLGF	1.70
Pre-eclampsia before 37 wee	ks 1:912	Low Risk	LOW	HIGH		
		INTERPRETA	ΓΙΟΝ		1	

The First Trimester Screening for the given sample is found **SCREEN NEGATIVE**.

uk neqas

Lab Reg. No. 90968

Verified by Mr. Pradip Kadam

Incharae Biochemistry

Verified by **Dr. Suresh Bhanushali** MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist



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Patient name : Mrs. DR.BHAVYA

Sample ID: 2200034661

No. of fetuses	:1		EDD	: 22/09/2022	Age at Ter	rm : 31.2	Years
GA is Based on	: CRL 66mm at 16,	/03/2022	LMP Date	: 15/12/2021	LMP Cert	ainty :Regu	ular
Smoking : None	Parity : Nu	lliparous	Height	: 155.0 cm	Weight	:65.0	10 Kg
FHR :							
Previo	ous pregnancy histo	ory	Pre-ee	clampsia history		Other fin	ndings
Down syndro	ome 🗌 Edwards's	syndrome	PE in pr	evious pregnancy	Insi	ulin depende	ent diabetes
Patau syndro	ome 🔲 NTD synd	rome	Pat. mo	ther had PE	Chr	onic hypert	ension
EDD: Estimated Due	e Date GA: Gestation Age	/LMP: Last Me	enstrual Period FH	IR: Fetal Heart Rate NTI	D: Neural Tube De	fect PE: Pre-e	eclampsia DOB: L
			ofBi	irth			
			SPECIMEN	I DETAILS			
Sample ID	:2200034661	CRL : é	56 mm	Test Name	Conc.	Unit	Corr. Mom
Collection Date	:21/03/2022	CRL2 :		Free-ß-hCG	30.28	ng/mL	1.05
Scan Date	:16/03/2022	BPD :		NT	1.5	mm	0.91
GA at Coll Date	: 13 Weeks 4 Days	BPD2 :		PAPP-A	6177.00	mU/L	1.29
GA at Scan Date	: 12 Weeks 6 Days	HC :		PLGF	95.58	pg/mL	1.70
Received on	:22/03/2022	HC2 :		MAP	87.83	mmHg	1.02
Received OII	. 22/00/2022						
	CRL: Crown Rump Length	n BPD: Bi-parie	cency PAPP-A: Pro	egnancy-associated Plass		 a Human Cho	0.70 rionic Gonadotro
GA: Gestation Age	CRL: Crown Rump Length NT: I	n BPD: Bi-parie		: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasn KS	ree-ß-hCG: free-Bet na Protein-A	a Human Cho	rionic Gonadotro
GA: Gestation Age / Disorder: Down S	CRL: Crown Rump Length NT: I yndrome	n BPD: Bi-parie Nuchal Translu	cency PAPP-A: Pro RIS	: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasn KS	ee-ß-hCG: free-Bet		rionic Gonadotro
<i>GA: Gestation Age </i> Disorder: Down S Final risk: 1:8	CRL: Crown Rump Length NT: I yndrome 5907	h BPD: Bi-pario Nuchal Translu Age risk:	cency PAPP-A: Pro RIS 1:836	: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasn KS	ree-ß-hCG: free-Bet na Protein-A	a Human Cho	rionic Gonadotro
<i>GA: Gestation Age </i> Disorder: Down S Final risk: 1:8 ^t Cutoff 1:2 ^t	CRL: Crown Rump Length NT: I yndrome 5907	n BPD: Bi-parie Nuchal Translu	cency PAPP-A: Pro RIS	: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasr KS R	ee-ß-hCG: free-Bet na Protein-A Result:	a Human Cho. Low Ris	rionic Gonadotro, k
GA: Gestation Age / Disorder: Down S Final risk: 1:8: Cutoff 1:2: Disorder: Edward	CRL: Crown Rump Length NT: I yndrome 5907 50 s' Syndrome	a BPD: Bi-parie Nuchal Translu Age risk: Risk type	cency PAPP-A: Pro RIS 1:836 Risk At Term	: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasr KS R	ree-ß-hCG: free-Bet na Protein-A	a Human Cho	rionic Gonadotro, k
GA: Gestation Age / Disorder: Down S Final risk: 1:8 Cutoff 1:2 Disorder: Edward Final risk: 1:1	<i>CRL: Crown Rump Length</i> <i>NT: I</i> yndrome 5907 50 s' Syndrome 20000	Age risk: Age risk:	cency PAPP-A: Pro RIS 1:836 Risk At Term 1:7520	: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasr KS R	ee-ß-hCG: free-Bet na Protein-A Result:	a Human Cho. Low Ris	rionic Gonadotro, k
GA: Gestation Age / Disorder: Down S Final risk: 1:85 Cutoff 1:25 Disorder: Edward Final risk: 1:10 Cutoff 1:10	CRL: Crown Rump Length NT: I yndrome 5907 50 s' Syndrome D0000	a BPD: Bi-parie Nuchal Translu Age risk: Risk type	cency PAPP-A: Pro RIS 1:836 Risk At Term	: Head Circumference fr egnancy-associated Plasn KS R	ee-ß-hCG: free-Bet na Protein-A Result: Result:	Low Ris	rionic Gonadotro, k
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Swehren Verified by **Dr. Suresh Bhanushali** MD (Path), Consultant Pathologist



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Sample ID: 2200034661

Patient name : Mrs. DR.BHAVYA

PRENATAL SCREENING BACKGROUND

Every pregnant woman carries a certain degree of risk that her fetus/baby may have certain chromosomal defect/ abnormalities. Diagnosis of these fetal chromosomal abnormalities requires confirmatory testing through analysis of amniocytes or Chorionic Villous Samples (CVS). However, amniocentesis and CVS procedures carry some degree of risk for miscarriage or other pregnancy complications (Tabor and Alfirevic, 2010). Therefore in routine practice, prenatal screening tests are offered to a pregnant woman to provide her a personalised risk for the most common chromosomal abnormalities (T21-Down syndrome, T18- Edwards' syndrome, T13- Patau syndrome) using her peripheral blood sample. Based on this risk assessment, if the risk is high or intermediate, you can take informed decision of opting for invasive procedure such as amniocentesis or CVS followed by confirmatory diagnostic test(s), as per discussion with your clinician.

PRENATAL SCREENING TESTS ARE NOT CONFIRMATORY TESTS. THEY ARE LIKELIHOOD ASSESSMENT TESTS.

You may get your prenatal screening result as either of the following:-

High Risk

High Risk or Screen Positive Result: A High Risk Result does not mean that the pregnancy is affected with the condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is higher than the cut-off (Most commonly used cut-off is 1:250 and this represents the risk of pregnancy loss from confirmatory testing through CVS or amniocentesis).

Low Risk

Intermediat

Low Risk or Screen Negative Result: A Low Risk result does not mean that the pregnancy is not affected with a condition. It means that the likelihood of the pregnancy having a condition is lower than the cut-off.

Intermediate Risk result: An intermediate Risk result means that the pregnancy has an equivocal or a borderline risk of being affected with a condition. In this case, you may want to choose a second stage screening modality like an Integrated Screening Test that is done between 16 to 20 weeks of pregnancy or a Non-invasive Prenatal Screening Test between 12 to 20 weeks of pregnancy before taking a decision on an invasive confirmatory testing. This will help you improve the sensitivity of the screening test keeping an invasive test a last option were you to come as a high risk in the second stage screening test.

SIGNIFICANCE OF MULTIPLE OF MEDIANS (MoMs)

Prenatal Screening determines the likelihood of the pregnancy being affected with certain conditions by analysing levels of certain hormones. These hormones are Feto placental products (released by Fetus or placenta). Their levels not only indicate propensity of the fetus being affected with certain chromosomal conditions, they also provide indication of placental insufficiency that can potentially lead to pregnancy complications like Pre-Eclampsia or Intra-Uterine Growth Restriction. It is therefore important to take cognisance of the Reported MoMs alongside the Risk results.

For more information, visit our website at: www.lilacinsights.com/faq-pns

DISCLAIMERS

Limitations of the Test:

As prenatal screening tests are not confirmatory diagnostic tests, the possibility of false positive or false negative results can not be denied. The results issued for this test does not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or sub- chromosomal abnormalities, birth defects and other complications.

Nuchal Translucency is the most prominent marker in screening for Trisomy 13, 18, 21 in the first trimester and should be measured in accordance with the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK) guidelines. Nuchal Translucency or Crown Rump Length measurement, if not performed as per FMF (UK) imaging guidelines may lead to erroneous risk assessments and Lilac Insights bears no responsibility for errors arising due to sonography measurements not performed as per these criteria defined by international bodies such as FMF (UK), ISUOG.

It is assumed that the details provided along with the sample are correct. The manner in which this information is used to guide patient care is the responsibility of the healthcare provider, including advising for the need for genetic counselling or additional diagnostic testing like amniocentesis or Chorionic Villus Sampling. Any diagnostic test should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings. As with any medical test, there is always a chance of failure or error in sample analysis though extensive measures are taken to avoid these errors.

Note:

- Quality of the Down syndrome screening program (Biochemical values, MoMs and Risk assessments) is monitored by UKNEQAS on an ongoing basis.
- This interpretation assumes that patient and specimen details are accurate and correct.
- Lilac Insights does not bear responsibility for the NT & CRL measurements. We strongly recommend that NT/ CRL measurements are performed as per FMF (UK)/ISUOG practice guidelines.
- PE risk stratification is done using a cut-off of 1:100 as per ASPRE study.
- It must be clearly understood that the results represent risk and not diagnostic outcomes. Increased risk does not mean that the baby is affected and
 further tests must be performed before a firm diagnosis can be made. A Low Risk result does not exclude the possibility of Down's syndrome or other
 abnormalities, as the risk assessment does not detect all affected pregnancies.



UK NEQAS International Guality Expertise Lab Reg. No. 20968 END OF REPORT



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